# Year 3 - PE - football

Curriculum O	bjectives		Vocabulary							Links Across the Curriculum	
<ul> <li>Pupils should be taught to:</li> <li>play competitive games, priate [for example, bad</li> </ul>		Dribbling	-	ly kicks th	ing with the ball. The attacker in possession of e ball, keeping it close to them in order to	Control	Control mea gaining poss		Maths—counting and adding scores. English—vocabulary. Specific words and phrases used.		
cricket, football, hockey tennis], and apply basic attacking and defending	principles suitable for	Defender We are considered a 'defender' when the other side has the ball. Passing Passing is a method of sending (kicking) the ball to our partner or another member of our team in order to keep possession of the ball				Science—functions of the body (respiratory system, car- dio-vascular system, function of the skeletal system, muscles). See progression map.					
Possession in			individual or when	working a	physical control of the ball. This could be as an s part of a team. It is when we have ite the opportunity to score	Attacker		sidered an 'attacker' when we or our team are in possession of n control of the ball. The aim of the game for the attackers is to wellbeing.		eam work, social skills,, leadership, health and g.	
	Lessons Sequer	nce			Substantive Knowledge/Key	/ Knowle	dge	Disciplinary Know	vledge	/ Skills	
<ol> <li>To know and understand how to technique.</li> <li>To demonstrate how to dribble a</li> </ol>		-			Pupils will demonstrate that they can dribble with an keeping control and possession of the ball. Pupils will dribble at greater speeds whilst maintaining control of	demonstrate t	· ·	Pupils are able to dribbling at increased speeds. Pupils demonstrate that they can: use small kicks so the ball stays close to them, bend their knees, use their arms for balance, use the outside and inside of their feet, use laces to push the ball forward (not the toe) and lift their head up to look for space/other players. Pupils dribble with control and are able to maintain possession. Pupils can move at increasing speeds into to space and change direction to avoid defenders.			
<ol> <li>To know and understand how to technique when attempting to outv</li> <li>To demonstrate how to dribble a to outwit defenders.</li> </ol>	vit defenders.				Pupils will demonstrate that they can dribble with an keeping control and possession of the ball. Pupils will dribble at greater speeds whilst maintaining control o to demonstrate that they can beat/take on defenders	demonstrate t f the ball. Pupi	he ability to	Pupils are able to dribbling at increased speeds and are beginning to demonstrate that they can beat/take on defenders. Pupils demonstrate that they can: use small kicks so the ball stays close to them, bend their knees, use their arms for balance, use the outside and inside of their feet, use aces to push the ball forward (not the toe) and lift their head up to look for space/other players. Pupils dribble with control and are able to main- tain possession. Pupils can move at increasing speeds into to space and change direction to avoid defenders. Pupils are beginning to change direc- tion to maintain possession.			
<ol> <li>To know and understand how to keep control and possession of the</li> <li>To demonstrate how to perform nique.</li> </ol>	ball, with an effective technique			ech-	Pupils will demonstrate that they can dribble with an keeping control and possession of the ball. Pupils will dribble at greater speeds whilst maintaining control o the ball are beginning to move into space to make the are beginning to understand where they pass a ball ar	ball. Pupils will demonstrate the ability to ining control of the ball. Pupils begin to stop the ball. Pupils begin to move their body inline with the ball. Pupils begin to concentrate on the ball. Pupils begin to to stand why they need to stop the ball. Pupils begin to demonstrate that they can: place their non-kicking foot to the side of the ball and us aim, hold their arms up to help them balance, keep their eye on the ball until they have it under control, look up to see where is the best pass it, swing their dominant kicking foot through and strike the ball with the inside of their foot, strike the middle of the ball to ensure it			heir non-kicking foot to the side of the ball and use it to it under control, look up to see where is the best place to heir foot, strike the middle of the ball to ensure it stays		
<ol> <li>To know and understand how to</li> <li>To demonstrate how to combine</li> </ol>					Pupils can demonstrate effective side foot passing and distances to keep possession of a football. Pupils will o dribble with an effective technique whilst keeping con ball. Pupils can identify where to pass, dribble and mo create more space.	demonstrate th itrol and posse	hat they can ession of the	Pupils can identify and move into space. Pupils can identity opportunities to create space and create it by passing, dribbling or moving (without the ball) into the area.			
<ol> <li>To know and understand how to</li> <li>To demonstrate how to dribble a points.</li> </ol>				ore	Pupils will demonstrate that they can dribble with an keeping control and possession of the ball. Pupils will dribble at greater speeds whilst maintaining control or demonstrate that they can dribble with an effective te control and possession of the ball. Pupils will demonst at greater speeds whilst maintaining control of the ba	demonstrate t f the ball. Pupi echnique whilst trate the ability	he ability to Is will t keeping	Pupils will combine previous dribbling, passing and creating space learning a	nd try to ma	intain possession in order to score points.	
<ol> <li>To know and understand how to combine dribbling, passing and receiving in small sided games (intra- school).</li> <li>To demonstrate a combination of dribbling, passing and receiving, using an effective technique, in small</li> </ol>					Pupils will begin to demonstrate to combine previousl and receiving to keep possession and score a point.	y taught dribb	ling, passing	Pupils will begin to demonstrate to combine previously taught dribbling, pas matches.	sing and rec	eiving to keep possession and score points in intra– school	
					Themes					Diversity in the Curriculum	
Shooting								The Blind Football World Champion-			
Defending	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							ships and Partially Sighted World Champi- onship took place at the 2023 IBSA World			
Passing	Pupils demonstrate that they							Games in Birmingham this summer. England had teams competing in the men's and wom-			
Dribbling       Pupils demonstrate that they dribbling with an effective technique, at increasing speed, using the inside and outside of their feet and can turn and change direction. Pupils are beginning to beat/take on defenders.         Evaluation       To say what they did well and how they could improve .							en's Blind Football World Championships and in the men's Partially Sighted World Cham-				
ball is a sport enjoyed by many peopl						pionship this summer. Mentioned how foot- ball is a sport enjoyed by many people, in-					
Outco			cter Traits		Stickability			WOW		cluding those with disabilities, and it is im- portant we promote inclusivity. Share a short clip from 2022. https://	
			Experie Repetit	ence tion of previously taught skills	Exper Equip				www.youtube.com/watch?v=jEypxtj-tl0		

# Year 4 - PF - football

real + - IL - Joorball										
Curriculum O	bjectives	Vocabulary							Links Across the Curriculum	
<ul> <li>Pupils should be taught to:</li> <li>play competitive games priate [for example, back</li> </ul>	, modified where appro-	Dribbling	-	of moving with the ball. The attacker in possession of the ball ball, keeping it close to them in order to move around the	Control	Control means session.	s keeping the ball close to us, preventing the defenders from gaining pos-		counting and adding scores. -vocabulary. Specific words and phrases used.	
cricket, football, hockey	v, netball, rounders and	Defender	We are considered a '	defender' when the other side has the ball.	passing	Passing is a method of sending (kicking) the ball to our partner or another member of			-functions of the body (respiratory system, car-	
attacking and defending	apply basic principles suitable for attacking and Possession ual or when working as part create the opportunity to sc			e have physical control of the ball. This could be as an individ- s part of a team. It is when we have 'possession' that we can y to score	Attacker	acker We are considered an 'attacker' when we or our team are in possession of the ball or in control of the ball. The aim of the game for the attackers is to score			ular system, function of the skeletal system, ). See progression map. eam work, social skills,, leadership, health and	
		Shooting	Shooting is when we t score	hrow/kick/hit the ball towards the goal in an attempt to	hit the ball towards the goal in an attempt to			wellbein	wellbeing.	
	Lessons Sequer	nce		Substantive Knowledge/Key	y Knowl	edge	Disciplinary Know	wledge	/ Skills	
<ol> <li>To explain to a peer how to drib</li> <li>To refine and demonstrate dribb</li> </ol>				Pupils will demonstrate that they can dribble with an keeping control and possession of the ball. Pupils will dribble fluidly and at speed whilst maintaining contro	l demonstrate		use their arms for balance, use the outside and inside of their feet, use lace space/other players. Pupils dribble with control and are able to maintain po	Pupils are able to dribble fluidly and at speed. Pupils demonstrate that they can: use small kicks so the ball stays close to them, bend their knees, use their arms for balance, use the outside and inside of their feet, use laces to push the ball forward (not the toe) and lift their head up to look fo space/other players. Pupils dribble with control and are able to maintain possession. Pupils can dribble at speed into to space and change directio to avoid defenders. Pupils able to change direction and turn to avoid defenders		
<ol> <li>To explain to a peer how to bea</li> <li>To refine and demonstrate the a</li> </ol>	-		ain possession	Pupils will demonstrate that they can dribble with an keeping control and possession of the ball. Pupils will dribble at speed whilst maintaining control of the ball they can beat/take on defenders and turn defenders ball.	demonstrate I. Pupils demo	the ability to onstrate that	Pupils are able to dribbling at speed and demonstrate that they can beat/take on defenders. Pupils demonstrate that they can: use small kicks so the ball stays close to them, bend their knees, use their arms for balance, use the outside and inside of their feet, use laces to push the ball forward (not the toe) and lift their head up to look for space/other players. Pupils dribble with control and are able to maintain possession. Pupils car move at increasing speeds into to space and change direction to avoid defenders. Pupils are able to turn and change direction to maintain possession.			
<ol> <li>To explain to a peer how to cons speed, in order to keep control and</li> <li>To refine and demonstrate the a distances and at speed, with an effort</li> </ol>	possession of the ball, with an ebility to consistently perform and	effective technique	2.	over a range of distances and at speed, to keep posse	Pupils can consistently demonstrate effective side foot passing and receiving, over a range of distances and at speed, to keep possession of a football. Pupils begin to stop the ball. Pupils begin to move their body inline with the ball. Pupil stand why they need to stop the ball. Pupils begin to demonstrate that they can: place aim, hold their arms up to help them balance, keep their eye on the ball until they have pass it, swing their dominant kicking foot through and strike the ball with the inside of close to the ground and understand that the speed of the kicking leg will direct how ha at speed and over a range of distances.			their non-kicking foot to the side of the ball and use it to it under control, look up to see where is the best place to heir foot, strike the middle of the ball to ensure it stays		
<ol> <li>To explain to a peer how to com</li> <li>To refine and demonstrate the a</li> </ol>				Pupils can use previously taught dribbling, passing , re learning to create space during attacking transitions.	eceiving and r	novement	Pupils can identify and move into space. Pupils can identity opportunities to create space and create it by passing, dribbling or moving (without the ball) into the area. Pupils understand how to transition between attack and defence and how to create attacking space when transitioning.			
<ol> <li>To explain to a peer how to shoot with an effective technique.</li> <li>To refine and demonstrate the ability to shoot with an effective technique.</li> </ol>				To introduce pupils to shooting. Pupils will understand but where they shoot from on the pitch, in order to in scoring.			Pupils are ability to shoot effectively with their dominant foot by: planting their supporting foot beside the ball to gain stability, pointing their planted foot in the direction that they want the ball to go to help guide their aim, striking the ball with the top of their foot (laces) As they kick, pupils should lock their ankle to create power through their striking foot. After kicking the ball, pupils should follow through with the shooting leg in the direction that you aimed the ball. This will enable the shot to have the full power they need to get it into the goal.			
<ol> <li>To explain to a peer how to combine dribbling, passing, receiving and shooting in small sided games (intra-school).</li> <li>To demonstrate a combination of dribbling, passing, receiving and shooting in small side games (intra-</li> </ol>				ing, receiving, movement and shooting learning to sc games.	, .		Pupils will begin to demonstrate to combine previously taught dribbling, passing and receiving to keep possession and score points in intra- school matches.			
				Themes					Diversity in the Curriculum	
Shooting	Using their dominant foot, pu	upils can shoot w	ith an effective techn	ique.					Paralympic football	
Defending	N/A Talka							Talk about cerebral palsy football. The sport is		
Passing	Pupils consistently demonstr possession and score points	onstrate that they can perform and receive an effective side foot pass, over a range of distances and at speed, with their dominant foot, using an effective technique and can combine this with dribbling pints.						to keep	keep Sports and Recreation Association (CP-ISRA). The sport is played with modified FIFA rules.	
Dribbling							Among the modifications are a reduced field of play, a reduction in the number of players, elimi-			
Evaluation To say what they did well and how they could improve.						nation of the offside rule, and permission for one -handed throw-ins. Matches consist of two thirty -minute halves, with a fifteen-minute half-time				
Outco To combine dribbling, passir shooting in small sided game	ng, receiving and	Respectful Ambitious		Stickability Experience Repetition of previously taught skills		erience pment	WOW		break. Talks about the importance of inclusivity. Share video: https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=Om87BFaAoRo	
Amplitious R					pe.it					

Outcome	Character Traits	Stickability	WOW
To combine dribbling, passing, receiving and shooting in small sided games.	Respectful	Experience	Experience
	Ambitious	Repetition of previously taught skills	Equipment

## Year 5 - PE - football

	Curriculum Objec-	Vocabulary						
	Pupils should be taught to: • play competitive games, mod-	Dribbling	Dribbling is a method of moving with the ball. The attacker in possession of the ball continuously kicks the ball, keeping it close to them in order to move around the pitch.	Control	Control means keeping the ball close to us, preventing the defenders from gaining possession.			
	ified where appropriate [for	Defender	We are considered a 'defender' when the other side has the ball.	passing	Passing is a method of sending (kicking) the ball to our partner or another member of our team in order t			
	example, badminton, basket- ball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending	Possession	Possession is when we have physical control of the ball. This could be as an individual or when working as part of a team. It is when we have 'possession' that we can create the opportunity to score	Attacker	We are considered an 'attacker' when we or our team are in possession of the ball or in control of the ball to score			
		Shooting	Shooting is when we throw/kick/hit the ball towards the goal in an attempt to score	tackling	Tackle is a method of defending in football. The main objective of tackling is to dispossess an opponent or result in a foul being awarded.			
		Pressuring	Teams or an individual can apply pressure in an attempt to regain possession.	marking	Marking is when the attacking player has received the ball and you are making it difficult for them to pass			
	<ul> <li>apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending</li> </ul>	Tactics	Tactics are a carefully planned set of actions that are used by a team or an individual to attain a certain goal.	Official/ referee	Referee is an official who watches the game and enforces the rules. The referee is responsible for making referee will resolve any disagreements and their decision is final and should be respected.			

	Lessons Sequence	Substantive Knowledge/Key Knowledge	Disciplinary		
I. To explain how to refine and combine dribble and passing skills to maintain performance and begin to understand the components of an effective performance.Provide the components of an effective performance.2. To combine and apply dribbling and passing skills to maintain possession and to analyse peers' performances.Provide the components of an effective performances.1. To explain how to refine and combine defending skills to prevent goal scoring opportunities and begin to understand the components of an effective performances.Provide the components of an effective performances.2. To combine and apply defending skills to prevent goal scoring opportunities and to analyse peers' perfor-Provide the components of an effective performance.1. To explain how to refine and combine , tackling, pressuring and marking to prevent a goal scoring opportunities and to analyse peers' performance.Provide the components of an effective performance.2. To combine and apply tackling, pressuring and marking to prevent goal scoring opportunities and to analyse peers' performances.Provide the components of an effective performance.3. To explain how to refine and combine shooting with passing and dribbling learning to create goal scoring opportunities and to begin to understand the components of effective performance.Provide the provide the performance.		Pupils will refine previously taught dribbling and passing skills, combining these skills together to maintain possession. Pupils are beginning to demonstrate that they can still perform these skills effectively, even when they are under pressure from defenders. Pupils are also beginning to demonstrate with increasing effectiveness physically and cognitively that they understand when, where and why they pass or dribble	Pupils are able to dribble fluidly and at speed. Pupils can dribble at change direction and can turn to avoid defenders. Pupils are able to combine skills effectively, even when they are under pressure from to improve. They are beginning to demonstrate increasingly effective pass or dribble.		
1. To explain how to refine and combine defending skills to prevent goal scoring opportunities and begin to understand the components of an effective performances.Pu op2. To combine and apply defending skills to prevent goal scoring opportunities and to analyse peers' perfor-Pu op1.To explain how to refine and combine , tackling, pressuring and marking to prevent a goal scoring oppor- tunity and begin to understand the components of an effective performance.Pu op2. To combine and apply tackling, pressuring and marking to prevent goal scoring opportunities and to ana- lyse peers' performances.Pu op1.To explain how to refine and combine shooting with passing and dribbling learning to create goal scoring opportunities and to begin to understand the components of effective performance.Pu op		Pupils will start to apply simple defensive tactics during a game to prevent attacking opportunities. Pupils will begin to practice tackling and pressuring.	to practice tackling and pressuring. them and monitoring for passing options, staying on the ball and waiting for a clear view of the ball, transferring ball whilst maintain a a strong body position. Pupils beg		
tunity and begir 2. To combine a	n to understand the components of an effective performance. Ind apply tackling, pressuring and marking to prevent goal scoring opportunities and to ana-	Pupils will start to apply simple defensive tactics during a game to prevent attacking opportunities. Pupils will continue to apply simple defensive tactics during a game to prevent attacking opportunities. Pupils will consolidate tackling and pressuring whilst also being introduce to marking.	ing any space arou keeping their eye of their foot towards defenders. Pupils a	ng to complete a standing tackle effectively by: clo und them and monitoring for passing options, stayi on the ball and waiting for a clear view of the ball, the ball whilst maintain a a strong body position. I are beginning to demonstrate that they can apply ow to pressure and who to mark.	
opportunities ar	nd to begin to understand the components of effective performance.	Pupils will develop their shooting technique when pressure is applied by a defender. Pupils will develop their understanding of where, when and why we shoot. Pupils will apply prior learning of passing and dribbling to create an attack that results in a successful shooting opportunity.	ed foot in the direct should lock their a direction that you	shoot effectively with their dominant foot by: plan ction that they want the ball to go to help guide th nkle to create power through their striking foot. A aimed the ball. This will enable the shot to have th t stopping the ball still and are beginning to unders	
how to officiate the components of effective performance. 2. To combine and apply shooting, passing and skills to score points, to begin officiating games and to ana-		standing of when, where and why they apply these skills during a game. Pupils should be able to apply their prior learning of passing and dribbling to move the ball up the		ng to: execute simple attacking and defensive tacti les, evaluate and improve their tactics, organise th ve created demonstrating a clear understanding o ivated and understands and lead and organise thei	
<ol> <li>To explain how to refine and combine shooting, passing , dribbling, defending and officiating learning to intra-school games and to begin to understand the components of effective performance.</li> <li>To combine and apply shooting, passing, dribbling, defending and officiating learning to intra-school games and to analyse peer's performances.</li> </ol>		receiving, movement, defending, officiating and shooting learning to score goals in small sided games.		e and apply previously taught passing, shooting, di to demonstrate increasingly effective decision mal ssing and shooting fluidly. Pupils able to pass, drib nding tackling to a game. Pupils are beginning to a	
	The	mes		Character Traits	
Tactics	Pupils are beginning to can create, evaluate, adapt and execute simple attacking and	defensive tactics effectively.		Respectful and Ambitious	
Shooting	Using their dominant foot, pupils can shoot with an effective technique. Pupils are beg best to shoot, pass or dribble when under pressure.	inning to shoot effectively without stopping the ball still and are beginning to underst	and when it is	Respectivit and Ambitious	
Defending	Pupils are beginning to demonstrate that they can tackle, pressure and mark effective	ly.		Outcome	
Passing	Pupils demonstrate previous learning. Pupils are beginning to demonstrate that they making during competitive scenarios is continuing to improve. They are beginning to of when to pass or dribble. Pupils are beginning to use the outside of their foot and the	demonstrate increasingly effective decision making under pressure and make an app	Pupils' decision propriate choice	To combine dribbling, passing, receiving, shool tactics and officiating learning in small sided ga	
Dribbling	Pupils demonstrate previous learning. Pupils are beginning to demonstrate that they or making during competitive scenarios is continuing to improve. They are beginning to or of when to pass or dribble.			Stickability	
Evaluation	UPKS2 - To be able to tell another child what they did well and how they could in	nprove.		Experience Repetition of previously taught	

ler to keep possession of the ball.

e ball. The aim of the game for the attackers is

nt of the ball. A missed timed tackle could

pass the ball on by restricting their options.

king sure that the game is played fairly. The

### / Knowledge / Skills

### Links Across the

Maths—counting and adding scores.

English—vocabulary. Specific words and phrases used.

Science—functions of the body (respiratory system, cardio-vascular system, function of the skeletal system, muscles). See progression map.

PSHE—team work, social skills,, leadership, health and wellbeing.

at speed into to space and change direction to avoid defenders. Pupils able to to take on/beat defenders. Pupils are beginning to demonstrate that they can m defenders. Pupils ' decision making during competitive scenarios is continuing tive decision making under pressure and make an appropriate choice of when to

pponent quickly but not rushing uncontrolled at them, reducing any space around their feet with arms slightly out to jockey their opponent, keeping their eye on the ight from their back to front foot and moving the inside of their foot towards the nonstrate that they can slow down an attack by pressuring defenders.

closing down their opponent quickly but not rushing uncontrolled at them, reductaying on the balls of their feet with arms slightly out to jockey their opponent, all, transferring their weight from their back to front foot and moving the inside of on. Pupils begin to demonstrate that they can slow down an attack by pressuring oly pressure and mark effectively. Pupils are beginning to demonstrate that they

lanting their supporting foot beside the ball to gain stability, pointing their plante their aim, striking the ball with the top of their foot (laces) As they kick, pupils t. After kicking the ball, pupils should follow through with their shooting leg in the e the full power they need to get it into the goal. Pupils are beginning to shoot derstand when it is best to shoot, pass or dribble—even under pressure.

actics effectively, create a range of simple attacking and defensive tactics, applying e their team so that everybody has responsibility for marking one player, explain ng of the role each member of the team will perform, take the lead ensuring everytheir team as a captain.

g, dribbling, defending, tactics and officiating learning to intra-school games. Pumaking and can when is best to pass, dribble or shoot. Pupils can transition bedribble, move and shoot accurately and consistently. Pupils can apply marking, to apply tactics to games.

ts		Diversity in the Curriculum					
		<u>Marcus Rashford</u> Discuss how footballers come from a variety of backgrounds. Rashford comes from a working class family; his mother is Melanie Maynard, a single parent who often had to work multi- ple jobs to feed their family, sometimes skipping meals her- self to ensure Rashford and his siblings ate.					
	ting, defending, ames.	Charity work In October 2019, Rashford set up the In the Box campaign with Selfridges to give homeless people essential items over the Christmas period. In March 2020, during the UK lockdown imposed by Boris Johnson's government in response to the COVID-19 pandemic,					
WOW		Rashford teamed up with the poverty and food waste charity FareShare to deliver meals to those in the Greater Manchester area who were no longer receiving these scheduler and Car 15 ture. Destend waste are are					
	Experience Equipment	their free school meals. On 15 June, Rashford wrote an open letter to the UK government calling on them to end UK child poverty. A day later, the government announced a change in policy regarding the extension of free school meals for chil- dren during the summer holidays.					

## Year 6 - PE - football

with increasing effectiveness.

from defenders.

applying tactics to games.

Curriculum Objec-			Vocabulary					
Pupils should be taught to:	Dribbling	Dribbling is a method of moving with the ball. The attacke close to them in order to move around the pitch.	er in possession of the ball continuously kicks the ball, keeping it	Control	Control means k	eeping the ball close to us, preventing the defenders from gaining possession.		
<ul> <li>play competitive games, mod- ified where appropriate [for</li> </ul>	Defender	We are considered a 'defender' when the other side has t	the ball.	passing	Passing is a meth	nod of sending (kicking) the ball to our partner or another member of our team in		
example, badminton, basket- ball, cricket, football, hockey,	Possession	Possession is when we have physical control of the ball. T is when we have 'possession' that we can create the oppo	his could be as an individual or when working as part of a team. It ortunity to score	Attacker	We are consider attackers is to sc	ed an 'attacker' when we or our team are in possession of the ball or in control o ore		
netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles	Shooting	Shooting is when we throw/kick/hit the ball towards the	hal in an attempt to score tackling			thod of defending in football. The main objective of tackling is to dispossess an op a foul being awarded.		
suitable for attacking and defending	Pressuring	Teams or an individual can apply pressure in an attempt t	egain possession. marking Marking is when options.			n the attacking player has received the ball and you are making it difficult for the		
<ul> <li>apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending</li> </ul>	Tactics	Tactics are a carefully planned set of actions that are used	d by a team or an individual to attain a certain goal.	Official/ referee	Referee is an official who watches the game and enforces the rules. The referee is resp The referee will resolve any disagreements and their decision is final and should be res			
L	essons Sec	quence	Substantive Knowledge/Key	Knowled	dge	Disciplinary		
skills to keep possession and to analyse the	ir own performance formance when drit	obling and passing to maintain possession and to	Pupils will refine previously taught dribbling and passing skills, combining these skills to- gether to maintain possessionPupils demonstrate that they can still perform these skills effectively, even when they are under pressure from defenders. Pupils are also demon- strating consistently good decision making and understand when, where and why they pass or dribble.			Pupils are able to dribble fluidly and at speed. Pupils can dribble at speed tion and can turn to avoid defenders. Pupils are able to take on/beat def ly, even when they are under pressure from defenders. Pupils ' decision ingly effective decision making under pressure and make an appropriate own performance and then adapt to try and improve.		
skills to keep possession, to officiate their of 2. To combine components of effective per	wn games and to ar formance when dril	w they apply to passing, dribbling and movement alyse their own performance. obling and passing skills to maintain possession and adapt their performance as a result of their own self-	Pupils will refine previously taught dribbling and passing skills, combining these skills to- gether to maintain possessionPupils demonstrate that they can still perform these skills effectively, even when they are under pressure from defenders. Pupils are also demon- strating consistently good decision making and understand when, where and why they pass or dribble. Pupils display a secure knowledge of the rules of football can officiate their own			Pupils are able to dribble fluidly and at speed. Pupils can dribble at speed tion and can turn to avoid defenders. Pupils are able to take on/beat def ly, even when they are under pressure from defenders. Pupils ' decision ingly effective decision making under pressure and make an appropriate own performance and then adapt to try and improve. Pupils display a se		
evaluation. 1. To explain the components of effective p to analyse their own performance.	performance and ho	w they apply to tackling, pressuring and marking and	games. Pupils apply simple defensive tactics during a game to prevent attacking opportunities and to win back the back. Pupils apply defensive tactics and strategies with increasing effective- ness			Pupils are able to complete a standing tackle effectively by: closing down around them and monitoring for passing options, staying on the balls of ball and waiting for a clear view of the ball, transferring their weight from maintain a a strong body position. Pupils demonstrate that they can slow pressure and mark effectively. Pupils demonstrate that they know when		

Pupils demonstrate that they can consistently shoot effectively, with power at from a range

Pupils will apply prior learning of passing and dribbling to create an attack that results in a

The focus of the learning is to consolidate pupils' understanding of attacking and defensive

tactics. Pupils will create, organise and apply formations when defending and attacking in

certain positions and understand what skills and attributes are required to be successful in

Pupils will begin to demonstrate to combine previously taught dribbling, passing, receiving,

movement, defending, officiating, tactics and shooting learning to score and prevent goals

game situations. Pupils will learn how to manage their team, selecting players to play in

Pupils will demonstrate a secure understanding of where, when and why we shoot.

of appropriate distances, when under pressure from a defender.

successful shooting opportunity.

these positions.

in small sided games.

To combine components of effective performance when marking, tacking and pressuring to prevent goal scoring opportunities and to adapt their performance as a result of their own self-evaluation.

1. To explain the components of effective performance and how they apply to shooting and to analyse their own

performance. 2. To combine components of effective performance when shooting and to adapt their performance as a result of their own self-evaluation.

1. To explain the components of effective performance and how they apply to organising formations, deciding tactics, managing teams and officiating games and to analyse their own performance.

To combine components of effective performance organising formations, deciding tactics, managing teams and officiating games and to adapt their performance as a result of their own self-evaluation.

 To explain the components of effective performance and how they apply intra-school games and to analyse their own performance.

2. To combine components of effective performance in intra-school games and to adapt their performance as a result of their own self-evaluation.

	Themes	Character Tr
Tactics	Pupils can create, evaluate, adapt and execute simple attacking and defensive tactics effectively.	Respectful and Ambitious
	Using their dominant foot, pupils can consistently shoot with an effective technique with power from a range of appropriate distances/angles. Pupils shoot effectively without stopping the ball still and understand when it is best to shoot, pass or dribble when under pressure.	Outcome
Defending	Pupils demonstrate that they can tackle, pressure and mark effectively to win back possession or prevent goal scoring opportunities consistently.	To combine dribbling, passing, receiving ing, tactics and officiating learning in sm
Passing	Pupils demonstrate previous learning. Pupils demonstrate that they can consistently combine skills effectively when they are under pressure from defenders. Pupils' decision making during competitive scenarios is consistently good. They are demonstrating increasingly effective decision making under pressure and make an appropriate choice of when to pass or dribble. Pupils are	
	able to use the outside of their foot and their non-dominant foot to pass over short distances.	Stickability
	Pupils demonstrate previous learning. Pupils demonstrate that they can consistently combine skills effectively when they are under pressure from defenders. Pupils' decision making during com- petitive scenarios is consistently good. They are demonstrate increasingly effective decision making under pressure and make an appropriate choice of when to pass or dribble.	Experience
Evaluation	UPKS2 - To be able to tell another child what they did well and how they could improve.	Experience Repetition of previously

in order to keep possession of the ball.

of the ball. The aim of the game for the

ponent of the ball. A missed timed tackle

em to pass the ball on by restricting their

or making sure that the game is played fairly.

### / Knowledge / Skills

### Links Across the

Maths—counting and adding scores.

English—vocabulary. Specific words and phrases used.

Science—functions of the body (respiratory system, cardio-vascular system, function of the skeletal system, muscles). See progression map.

PSHE—team work, social skills,, leadership, health and wellbeing.

eed into to space and change direction to avoid defenders. Pupils able to change direclefenders. Pupils are beginning to demonstrate that they can combine skills effectivein making during competitive scenarios is consistently good. They demonstrate increaste choice of when to pass or dribble to maintain possession. Pupils will evaluate their

ed into to space and change direction to avoid defenders. Pupils able to change direcefenders. Pupils are beginning to demonstrate that they can combine skills effectiven making during competitive scenarios is consistently good. They demonstrate increaste choice of when to pass or dribble to maintain possession. Pupils will evaluate their secure knowledge of the rules of football can officiate their own games.

wn their opponent quickly but not rushing uncontrolled at them, reducing any space of their feet with arms slightly out to jockey their opponent, keeping their eye on the om their back to front foot and moving the inside of their foot towards the ball whilst ow down an attack by pressuring defenders. Pupils demonstrate that they can apply en and how to pressure and who to mark. Pupils apply defensive tactics and strategies

Pupils are able to consistently shoot effectively with their dominant foot, with power and from a range of appropriate distances, by: planting their supporting foot beside the ball to gain stability, pointing their planted foot in the direction that they want the ball to go to help guide their aim, striking the ball with the top of their foot (laces) As they kick, pupils should lock their ankle to create power through their striking foot. After kicking the ball, pupils should follow through with their shooting leg in the direction that you aimed the ball. This will enable the shot to have the full power they need to get it into the goal. Pupils shoot effectively without stopping the ball still and are beginning to understand when it is best to shoot, pass or dribble when under pressure

Pupils execute simple attacking and defensive tactics effectively. Pupils create a range of simple attacking and defensive tactics, applying these to their games. Pupils evaluate and improve their tactics. Pupils organise their team so that everybody has responsibility for marking one player. Pupils explain the tactics they have created demonstrating a clear understanding of the role each member of the team will perform. Pupils take the lead ensuring everyone is happy, motivated and understands. Pupils take on the role of team captain, leading and organising their team.

Pupils can combine and apply previously taught passing, shooting, dribbling, defending, tactics, officiating learning to intra-school games. Pupils demonstrate consistently good decision making and can when is best to pass, dribble or shoot. Pupils can transition between dribble, passing and shooting fluidly. Pupils able to pass, dribble, move and shoot accurately and consistently. Pupils can apply marking, pressuring and standing tackling to a game. Pupils are

aits	Diversity in the Curriculum					
	To recap diversity in football by refer- ring to the previous mentioned points on the other football learning journeys.					
g, shooting, defend- nall sided games.						
WOW						
Experience Equipment						